

ON SATURDAY NIGHTS the Real Estate columns of the "News" are closed by studying those interested in buying or selling Real Estate.

LAST EDITION.

Pope's Condition Still Very Grave

No Immediate Danger Apprehended—Two Bulletins Daily Will Be Issued—Vatican Informed if Pontiff Takes Nourishment Hourly He May Last Some Time—He Takes Food With Reluctance—Mind is Clear.

Rome, July 6, 5:50 p. m.—The pope has taken some food with appetite. The slight improvement in his condition continues. While the danger is far from removed, the feeling at the Vatican is calmer. Another consultation of the doctors will be held at 7:30 p. m., at which time the next bulletin will be issued.

Rome, July 6, 5:45 p. m.—For the first since the pope's illness took a serious turn, Dr. Laponni ventured to leave the Vatican for an hour this afternoon on urgent business. The fact aroused hopes that the pontiff is on the way to recovery, but his condition remains very grave, though no immediate danger is apprehended.

2:35 p. m.—Only two bulletins regarding the pope's health will be issued daily, the doctors agreeing that there are not sufficient changes in condition to chronicle them more often. The pope insists on staying up and walking at intervals, saying that weakness is the worst part of his illness, against which the best remedy is activity.

2:45 p. m.—The pope seems somewhat prostrated after a rather exciting morning and is now enjoying much-needed sleep.

4 p. m.—A fit of coughing disturbed the pope's sleep. Coughing might benefit him, by relieving the lungs of the catarrhal obstruction, but, owing to his weak state, it is very exhausting.

The amelioration in the pope's condition this morning was so unnatural, considering the gravity of his illness that it was feared that possibly it was the last flickering of the vital flame.

During this brighter interval the pope resumed his habits of command and insisted on giving orders for the preparation of the brief appointing of Monsignor Veiponi, actually secretary of letters to princes, as secretary of the consistorial congregation, a place vacant owing to the promotion to the Mgr. Nocelli to the cardinal. The importance of such an appointment, especially at the present moment, is manifest when it is considered that on the pope's death the secretary of state ceases to exercise his functions, which are assumed immediately by the secretary of the consistorial congregation.

The pope objected to having the oxygen inhaling apparatus continually under his nostrils, and Dr. Laponni decided to impregnate the whole atmosphere of the room with oxygen.

"That is much better," said the pontiff. "Before I felt as though I had lost my liberty."

Although Dr. Laponni continuously recommends the patient not to speak and pay attention to what is passing outside and to refuse to participate in what is going on, he said, smilingly to Dr. Laponni:

"I know you say this because of your affection for me, but either my last day is rapidly approaching, in which case I must employ all the time that is left to me, so far as I can, or else I shall recover, again postponing the end. If this is the will of the Almighty then I cannot change it."

The pope wished his arm chair to be carried near his writing table and then to the window, overlooking the piazza of St. Peter.

Nothing many people in carriages, the pope said:

"The piazza looks as it does when I am able to perform some public function."

Dr. Laponni's chief task now is the maintenance of the pope's strength. Some improvement was indicated this afternoon by the fact that the patient was more willing to take nourishment, which was administered at short intervals and consisted chiefly of Bordeaux, champagne, raw eggs and broth, but the doctor would permit the pope to partake of anything in reason for which he expressed a desire, for there is special danger in the possibility of increased weakness.

The only persons allowed in the pope's bedroom this morning, besides his doctors and attendants, were Cardinal Rampella, Mgr. Bisletti, the master of the pontifical chambers, and Brig. Gen. Count Camilla Pesci, of the noble guard, a nephew of the pope. The pope conversed for a long time with Count Pesci, even rising and walking about his room for a few minutes leaning on his arm. The pontiff on this occasion remarked:

"Now, I am ready to depart, having settled all my affairs. I feel I have

mean party, practically the entire membership is Republican.

Over the protest of the league, members of the Republican city convention last week nominated James A. Finney for mayor, and for a time it was thought there would be a third ticket in the field by the Civic League. This movement was dropped, however, and the league now endorses Hawley. This action, it is claimed, will

LOOKS LIKE HAWLEY FOR MAYOR

Civic League of Boise Endorses the Democratic and Union Citizens' Nominee, Which is Regarded as Tantamount to His Election—League Stands for Good Government.

(Special to the "News.")
Boise, Idaho, July 6.—The Civic League this morning officially endorsed the candidacy of James H. Hawley, Democratic and Union Citizens' nominee for mayor. It is believed this action will result in his election. The Civic League was organized early in the municipal campaign to secure the purity of city government and it has worked principally through the Repu-

Wind and Wave On Salt Lake.

Former Furious and Latter High on the Great Dead Sea—Heavy Gale and Some Damage at Lucin Cut-off—Cambria II, Passengers and Crew Said to be Safe on Antelope Island—A Lone Boatman's Experience.

The big windstorm which started on Saturday night on the lake and has been "blowing big guns" ever since, has done considerable damage. From the Lucin cut-off comes the word that the huge mass of timbers, piles, stringers, caps and lumber that was confined in the big boom which covers half a square mile is adrift and is being battered around the lake in great shape by the heavy waves. The fleet of tugs consequently will have its work cut out to collect up the scattered timbers when the wind and the waves subside.

Considerable anxiety has been manifested today by the relatives and friends of the party of city and county officials who started on a cruise of the lake in Capt. Davis' catamaran, Cambria II. The boat bearing the party was to have arrived at Saltair yesterday afternoon. Up to 2 o'clock this afternoon, however, the watchers at Saltair had not succeeded in making out any sign of a sail. If the boat should arrive tonight, the party would have to spend another night on board as the water is too rough to permit of their being transferred into a row boat at the anchorage and being rowed to shore.

It is thought that Capt. Davis has run for shelter behind Antelope Island and that the party is all right, the only discomfort being that they may be short on rations. The Cambria is a new boat and absolutely seaworthy.

Those in the party are City Engineer L. C. Kelsey, County Clerk John James, Capt. D. H. Davis, Deputy County Clerk W. H. Folland, T. J. Newman, John Wardrop, Deputy County Clerk D. B. Davies, Charles Wright, Dewey Davis and Robert S. Pollard.

On Saturday evening a gentleman who gave the name of Gallier had a very uncomfortable experience. Clad only in a bathing suit, he started to row out in the direction of Antelope island, with the result that when he undertook to return he found that he had overtaxed his strength. He finally arrived at the beach at 2:30 yesterday morning. As his clothes were still in his dressing room and his valuables in the house, he created some anxiety among the employees at Saltair. He

LOUBET ARRIVES IN ENGLAND.

President of the French Republic Given a Hearty Welcome at Dover on Behalf of King Edward—Pier Lined With Troops—Band Played the "Marseillaise."

Dover, Eng., July 6.—The French cruiser Guichen was sighted at 12:45 p. m. by the Guichen anchored off Dover shortly after 1 o'clock and exchanged salutes with Dover castle. The admirals and captains of the British fleet immediately repaired on board the French cruiser and paid official visits to President Loubet.

Loubet stepped ashore here and entered a reserved enclosure, draped lightly with a handsome pavilion has been erected. Then the Duke of Connaught, accompanied by the French ambassador, M. Cambon, and a number of officials, met the president at the pier.

The prince of Wales pier was lined with troops and as the president traversed their ranks towards the pavilion a band played the "Marseillaise." Then the boys transferred to the pier in a detachment of life guards, were then driven through the crowded, troop-lined and well decorated streets to St. James palace.

M. Loubet was loudly cheered everywhere.

The Marlborough house were the children of the Prince and Princess of Wales, who saluted the president and the king, the latter recognizing his own flag and saluting there and presented the president to them.

President Loubet, stood up and saluted the youngsters.

AT BOULOGNE-SUR-MER.
Boulogne-sur-Mer, France, July 6.—President Loubet arrived here at 10 a. m., and was accorded a hearty reception by the assembled crowds. He proceeded at once to the docks in order to attend the ceremony of laying the foundation stone of the new basin. The town was overflowing with sightseers as the route of the presidential train from the suburbs to the docks was lavishly decorated with Venetian masts, trophies, streamers and triumphal arches. Fish ing nets, as representative of the chief industry of Boulogne-sur-Mer, were also prominent features of the embellishment.

The ceremony of laying the foundation stone of the new basin, was performed by the president, who was accompanied by a triumphal arch entirely composed of fish barrels, boys, life belts and similar articles. Such a display of British Union Jacks has seldom been seen in France, while American, Russian and other flags were numerous.

Troops lined the entire route and the immense crowds throughout gave M. Loubet a memorable reception.

On reaching the tastefully decorated presidential stand, M. Loubet carried out the ceremony of laying the foundation stone of the new basin.

Immense crowds lined the sea front, which presented a gala appearance, the decorations being on a scale far in excess of anything previously attempted.

As soon as the Guichen was sighted the Smerous flotilla of torpedo boat destroyers advanced to meet her and escorted the French cruiser through a

double line of British battleships and cruisers, extending two and a half miles, and forming the most imposing naval drill ever seen here.

The vessel was crossed from stern to stern and their crews manned ship and mingled their cheers with the roar of the guns firing salutes and the strains of the "Marseillaise" from the naval bands. Each ship gave the president a salute of 21 guns, as the Guichen passed and the band of each vessel in turn took up the pieces.

After decorating a few notabilities, M. Loubet proceeded to the French cruiser Guichen, which sailed for Dover, England, at 11:30 a. m.

C. S. SQUADRON ARRIVES.
Dover, Eng., July 6.—The United States European squadron arrived off Dover this morning and exchanged salutes with the castle.

ANOTHER WRECK ON THE NORTH SHORE.

San Rafael, Cal., July 6.—Another wreck occurred on the North Shore railroad early this morning. A double-header passenger train ran from Sausalito, detailed between Camp Ptoleai and Millerton. Details are meager from the fact that the wires are down on account of forest fires. Engineer Hamilton was killed and Fireman Grace injured. The fireman of the second locomotive was not hurt.

There were 13 persons on the train, but no one was injured. No cars left the track, only the head engine being derailed. A herd of cattle on the track caused the accident.

The "Lockout" Does Not "Lock"

Anticipated Stampede Among Laboring Men Did Not Occur This Morning—Mutual Settlement May be Made This Week—Men Idle on Only Two Big Buildings—Holmes Block and Eighteenth Ward School House.

Judging from this afternoon's indications, the labor troubles are not continuing as seriously as anticipated, and before the close of the week, some mutually satisfactory agreement will probably be arrived at as between contractors and workmen.

The "lockout," which went into effect this morning, was not very alarming, and on only two jobs of any magnitude there was a real cessation of work, viz., the Holmes building and the new eighteenth ward school building. On other structures some union men were at work and inquiry develops that the majority of men hardly know where they are or what is going to be done.

The "lockout" was not the Scott-Strevel building, the tinner are working on a number of small jobs, the stone cutters—contrary to expectation, returned to work as usual at the First Presbyterian church, the bricklayers are working as usual on the Central block, the electrical workers say the only trouble they have is that they are not numerous enough to supply the demand; members of the plasterers' union say they are working, and in several of the plumbing shops this morning, a "News" reporter was told that the men were at work as usual. However, a union plumber claimed that the non-union plumbers were the ones shut out, and that it was not the plumbers who were coming to grief. At the Federal building, everything was going on as usual—in fact there was a little more rushing work to reach the second story, and some cutters and all other workmen there are "busy as bees."

There is nothing suggestive of a strike or lockout here. Contractor Campbell says that as long as the men will stay with him, he will stay with them. At the First Presbyterian church, the architect asked some of the stone cutters how about their relations with the Federated Trades, and they replied that they proposed to pull out, and in response to the remark that they would be shut out of work, they said they didn't care for the fines. The fines would not be paid, for the stone cutters would shortly be an independent union. The carpenters and the hodcarriers and stone masons are as a general thing taking a rest, and a carpenter at work here is a rare bird. It is reported among the other unions that the carpenters have become disgraced with the situation and do not intend to be longer tied up and shut out of work just to please a little bunch of 25 hodcarriers who have been demanding \$3.50 and \$4 for a day of eight hours from the contractors, while they are ready to work for the city 10 hours at \$1.50 per day. Consequently it is understood that the carpenters will cease next Wednesday evening from the Federated trades, and that the stone cutters will precede or follow them. This means a coming separation of the skilled unions from the unskilled unions; and a number of plasterers, who are prominent local manufacturers said today, that the outcome would be the organization of home workmen into local unions apart from the international bodies, leaving the latter entirely out of consideration.

The local business agencies report that in consequence of labor strikes and troubles in the west, the banks are shortening up on certain classes of loans, and that merchants are drawing in the reins of credit. If there is any prolongation of the labor troubles, it is likely to become more and more marked, and in a short time severely felt by the laboring classes.

EVIDENCE IS MABEL BROWN WAS STRANGLED TO DEATH.

Denver, July 6.—Mabel Brown, aged 29, was found dead in her home at 1931 Market street this morning. She had been strangled to death. There is no clue to the murderer. The police in their effort to solve the case suggested the series of murders which strangulation which took place in this neighborhood some years ago.

THE FIGHT AT STEELVILLE. Robert Starks' Death Followed by That of His Son.

Steelville, Mo., July 6.—The street fight here Saturday, which resulted in the death of Robert Starks and the serious wounding of Sheriff Taft and others, has been followed by the death of Henry Starks, son of Robert Starks, who was shot through the abdomen by one of the sheriff's posse in attempting to arrest the young man.

At the coroner's inquest over the body of the second victim of the tragedy, it transpired in the evidence that young Starks was the originator of the difficulty. The lad, who was not over 20 years of age, attacked the sheriff and two deputies, as well as two constables and succeeded in wounding them before he was himself shot.

Henry Starks requested a younger brother before he died, to avenge his death. Sheriff Taft is in a critical condition from his wounds.

PROCEEDINGS AGAINST MAYOR DISMISSED.

Denver, July 6.—The state supreme court today dismissed the criminal proceedings against Mayor R. R. Wright Jr., and members of the city council of Denver, arising from the past year's ordinance granting a street railway franchise in disregard of an injunction issued by District Judge Mullins. Another decision announced today was the dismissal of the case against all his business interests, and the city council of Denver, arising from the past year's ordinance granting a street railway franchise in disregard of an injunction issued by District Judge Mullins.

EVERYTHING IS QUIET AT EVANSVILLE.

Evansville, Ind., July 6.—This city is quiet today and there are no signs of any violence as there was last night. A trip through the business section reveals that much damage was done to stores, especially the hardware houses, many of which were entered and robbed of munitions and ammunition. Thousands of shots were fired during the night, but so far as learned no one was killed, although numerous people are said to have been wounded.

Several negroes were caught by mobs and almost beaten to death before the police could save them. The chief demonstration of the night was an attack upon the negro quarters. Third Base, several thousand men crowded the streets before the building and finally gained entrance through the fortification to the yard, where they began to batter the windows of the jail. Efforts to prevent this were futile and the crowd held sway, the police of the city being occupied with holding the sightseers from invading the front part of the building and ransacking the sheriff's residence.

After the mob was thoroughly satisfied that Lee DeLoach, the murderer of Patrolman Massey, was not in the building, they separated into squads of 40 or 50 and paraded the downtown, visiting the negro quarters. Negroes are terrorized.

The local companies of the state militia have been ordered out and will be reinforced by companies from southern Indiana.

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LIVES IN SALT LAKE OR OGDEN.

Matthew Lynch, One of the Heirs to a Large Estate in Ireland Being Sought After by the Executors—If Not Found Estate Will Go to a Niece.

(Special to the "News.")
New York, July 6.—The New York police department has been requested to assist in locating the present whereabouts of Patrick Matthew Bridget and Ellen Lynch, brothers and sisters, who left Kyle, Jordan, county Tipperary, Ireland, about 1870 for America.

The request is made by the executors of the estate of Thomas Lynch, late of Kyle, who died, leaving a large estate and no direct heirs. The property of Thomas Lynch, deceased, descends to the American heirs of their heirs and one Kate Hayden.

Patrick Lynch was last heard from in northern Canada. Matthew, after working at various places, finally located in Utah, either at Salt Lake or Ogden, while the two girls, Bridget and Ellen, married Mississippi river steamboat owners and moved to New Orleans.

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BIG LEAGUE GAME TOMORROW

Helena Team Will be Given Honor of Playing Initial Contest With Salt Lake Nine—J. M. Reynolds of Butte Will Probably Manage Locals—Lineup Not Definitely Decided.

The first Northwest League game of the season to be played in Utah will be pulled off at 4 o'clock tomorrow afternoon at Walker's field. Considerable interest and much speculation are being indulged in, as to what men if any will be retained out of the old team. Last evening after the game President Logan called the boys together and informed them that the club of which they were composed was dissolved. Some of them are decidedly popular with the fans and the latter would be very glad to have at least the best of them given a place on the league team. Among these popular ones are Dan Clark, Byrnes, Cook, Gimlin and All.

The line-up in tomorrow's game will probably be about the same as that given below. With the exception of Clark and Gimlin the line-up of the Salt Lake team is the same as it was at Spokane last Thursday. Donohis is said to be one of the best men at the bat in the league.

The line-up will be about as follows:

SALT LAKE	POSITION	HELENA
Miller or Quick	Pitch	Carish
Clark	First Base	Futmann or Wiggs
Danaher	Second Base	Dunn
Byrnes	Third Base	Peoples
Flaherty	Shortstop	Howlett
Parratt	Left Field	Early
Gimlin	Center	Muller
Fulmer	Right Field	Nagle
		Evary

At a late hour this afternoon Mr. Griffin stated he was in receipt of a telegram informing him that the Salt Lake and Helena teams would reach here on the 8 o'clock train tomorrow morning. He further said: "The Salt Lakes, as at present constituted, comprise the pick of the Portland team and will be augmented by the best local

SITUATION IN THE FAR EAST.

St. Petersburg Officials Quite Nervous Over It—Count Cassini Accused of Paying Too Much Attention to Kishineff Petition and Too Little to American Policy.

London, July 6.—The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Standard telegraphs that official circles there are nervous over the situation in the far east, especially Count Cassini's diplomatic methods. The Russian ambassador in Washington is accused of making too much of the petition regarding the Kishineff massacre and too little of the American policy in the east. The Russian government, continues the correspondent, would have looked with equanimity on the station of the Kishineff petition, but binds nobody, if in return the standing could have been secured. It is now feared that the Russian government will be obliged to forego its plans concerning the petition, which depended on the aid of States from Japan.

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